

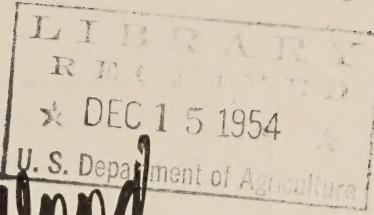
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Flowerwood NURSERY

MOBILE, ALABAMA • LOXLEY, ALABAMA



AZALEAS AND CAMELLIAS OUR SPECIALTY



Mathotiana Supreme

1955 Wholesale Catalog

Cover Illustration - Mathotiana Supreme

In introducing this camellia, we felt that it would be the world's finest.

After 4 short years and many flower shows, we are happy to see thousands of camellia fanciers agree that there is none better.

We feel so strongly about this variety, we have repeated this picture on the cover of our catalogue. Do your customers a favor, show it to them.



FLOWERWOOD NURSERY, INC.

Gregory L. Smith, President

NURSERIES LOCATED:

MOBILE, ALABAMA

Telephone 2-6372

Telephone Nights

Gregory L. Smith — 2-4773

Sidney B. Meadows — 3-4491

Sidney B. Meadows — Manager

This is the home nursery which has specialized since the beginning of its business in the growing of fine Camellias and Azaleas. Here we are concentrating most of our efforts on the growing of lath azaleas and propagation of camellias, azaleas and ornamentals.

Four years ago growing fields located near Theodore, Alabama, were added to the home nursery operations. We were fortunate in acquiring 200 acres of well-drained virgin soil which is the finest azalea and camellia soil we have ever seen. We will be glad to show you these beautiful Camellias, Sasanquas, Magnolias, Kurume and Indica Azaleas at any time. Needless to say these are most reasonably priced.

LOXLEY, ALABAMA, BRANCH

Telephone 361

Robert Duck — Manager

Our Loxley Nursery which was started 9 years ago has developed into one of the finest azalea and camellia nurseries in the South. In our fields we have over 150 acres of beautiful specimen camellias along with many acres of azaleas and other ornamentals.

In addition to the field plants we have extensive laths with thousands of azalea and camellia liners.

We have expanded and developed this new nursery so as to enable us to better serve our many customers. We feel that with this extensive supply of plants we are now in a position to supply you with the very best in azaleas and camellias.

You are cordially invited to visit our nurseries at any time.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE WHOLESALE ONLY

We urge all buyers to inspect plants before they buy as we sell only on the following conditions:

We make no express or implied warranty of any kind except that plants are true to variety. When plants leave our possession we have no way of knowing whether they receive proper care so we do not guarantee they will live, pass inspection or be merchantable.

All claims must be made immediately upon receipt of plants by the quickest method and full details must be given. In no case will our liability exceed the purchase price.

DISCOUNTS: All prices listed are net. No further discount will be allowed.

TERMS: Cash with order.

C.O.D. orders will be considered only when a deposit of 25% is sent with order.

SHIPPING: Please state whether you want shipment by Express, Motor Freight, or Railway Freight. Parcel Post shipments will be made only if the amount of postage is included in order.

SIZE OF ORDER: Due to the present cost of packing we will not be able to accept any orders for shipment for less than \$10.00.

A Z A L E A S

Azaleas are not difficult to grow, and require very little attention, if proper care is taken to see that they are planted in congenial surroundings.

Some of the major requirements in azalea culture are as follows:

1. Plant in well drained acid soil using liberal quantity of peat.
2. Mulch with oak leaves, pine straw or similar material.
3. Water during periods of drouth.
4. Fertilize to maintain good color and growth. There are several soluble fertilizers on the market which are excellent for azaleas.
5. Before planting incorporate chlordane in soil at the rate of 15 lbs. of technical material per acre. This will control insect larvae, which present a very serious problem by chewing bark off the entire root

system. If this damage shows up after beds have been planted without chlordane, the azalea root system can be drenched with emulsifiable chlordane to control the root eating insects.

6. Keep free of insect pests. See spray schedule on page 33.

Azalea Indica

Indica azaleas are not hardy in cold climates, but they are adaptable for plantings throughout the entire Gulf Coast Section, and along the Atlantic Coast area as far north as Norfolk, Va.

DAPHNE SALMON (Lawsal) — Light salmon. Fast, compact, upright grower, very hardy and blooms profusely. One of the finest of the Indica azaleas.

ELEGANS — Light pink. A fast upright grower, and one of the first to bloom.

FIELDERS WHITE — A large pure white. Medium low compact grower.

FISHER PINK — Light pink. Blooms mid-season about the same time as *Pride of Mobile*. Large flowers, profuse bloomer, compact grower. We think this is one of the best.

FORMOSA — Light purple with pink cast. Large flowers, large dark green leaves, fast dense grower. Very hardy. The best of its color.

GEORGE L. TABER — Flesh pink with deeper markings. Low compact grower.

GLORY OF SUNNYHILL — Salmon or brick dusk pink. Compact irregular grower. Large light green leaves. Very satisfactory bloomer.

INDICA ALBA — Pure white. Light green, hairy leaves, upright growth. Mid-season bloomer. Very hardy.

LATANA ALBA — White. Dwarf, bushy grower, late bloomer.

LILACINA — Light orchid. Strong grower with large leaves. Very fragrant.

MOSS POINT RED — Orange red. Compact grower, dark green leaves, large, waxy flower, late bloomer.

PRESIDENT CLAY — Orange red. Vigorous grower. Blooms mid-season. Very hardy.

PRIDE OF DORKING — Deep red. Late bloomer. Compact grower.

PRIDE OF MOBILE — This is the finest and most beautiful of all azaleas. Lovely watermelon pink blooms regularly and profusely cover the bushes. The larger plants cover with blooms to such an extent that the foliage is hardly visible, and even very small bushes make a wonderful display of flowers. It is a very hardy variety. We have the true Pride of Mobile, which is much better than many watermelon pinks sold for it, which are not as hardy.

SOUTHERN CHARM — A sport of Formosa with the same foliage and growing habits. Large pink blooms.

Kurume Azaleas

Almost all florists and growers of pot plants are now familiar with the use of Kurume azaleas for pot plants, as each year the demand for them has grown tremendously. The trade has found these azaleas, which cover with a profusion of beautiful flowers when they come into bloom, to be very popular pot plants, and also a profitable crop that requires very little care or expense. They should be potted in a light soil, preferably with some peat mixed in, and kept well watered. In a 50 to 60 degree house the plants should come into bloom within six weeks to two months.

In addition to the use of Kurume azaleas for pot plants, they are extensively used for landscape work. They are a dwarf type of azalea, much hardier than the Indica varieties, and are very popular in cooler climates.

APPLE BLOSSOM — Pink hose-in-hose flowers.

BRIDESMAID — Big salmon pink flowers. More vigorous grower than other Kurumes.

CHRISTMAS CHEER — Free bloomer of the brightest red, hose-in-hose type flowers. Small dark green leaves. Mid-season.

CORAL BELLS — The most popular of all the Kurume azaleas, and the most adaptable variety for forcing. Beautiful shell pink flowers of the hose-in-hose type. Small glossy foliage, and compact grower.

FIREFLY — Brilliant red. Large single flowers. Hardy compact grower.

FLAME — Brilliant red, suffused with copper, bright and showy. Upright fast grower with good foliage.

GARDENIA SUPREME — Pure white. Hose-in-hose. Dark green foliage. Vigorous grower

HEXE — Slow, compact grower, with showy deep scarlet, hose-in-hose flowers.

HINODEGIRI — Brilliant red flowers. Profuse bloomer, low bushy plants. Mid-season. Very good for pot plants.

HORTENSIA — Large soft pink. Hose-in-hose. Blossoms produced in large trusses.

KAEMPFERI — Large single brilliant red blooms. Vigorous upright grower. Late bloomer. Hardy.

LAVENDER QUEEN — Light lavender. Very free flowering. Slow, compact grower with dark green foliage.

MADAM PERICAT — Light pink hose-in-hose. Late bloomer. Vigorous grower.

MAUVE BEAUTY — Flowers of a delicate mauve shade literally cover the entire plant. Compact, dwarf grower.

PEACH BLOW — Single flowers of a beautiful shade of peach-pink, and having ruffled edges. Early.

PINK PEARL — Beautiful salmon, hose-in-hose flowers, produced in large clusters. Fast grower, early.

PINNOCHIO — Free flowering, rusty red. Compact, with good foliage.

SALMON BEAUTY — Large hose-in-hose deep salmon flowers, large glossy green leaves. Mid-season.

SNOW — Pure snow-white hose-in-hose type. Compact grower and profuse bloomer. Mid-season. Very popular.

SWEET BRIER — Medium size single pink flowers. Very hardy.

SWEETHEART SUPREME — Medium size blush pink. Hose-in-hose blossoms. Excellent compact grower.

Azalea orders may be addressed to Flowerwood Nursery in Mobile or Loxley, Alabama.

A Z A L E A S

All azalea prices are based on plants being dug and loaded uncrated upon customers truck at our nurseries.

In cases where crating and delivery to carrier is necessary, add 25 per cent to price of plants.

Azalea liners and yearlings packed and shipped at no extra charge.



Little do these azaleas and camellias realize Mobile has experienced it's driest year in 30 years.

Indica Azaleas—Field Grown

Daphne Salmon	Lilacina
Elegans	Moss Point Red
Fisher's Pink	Phoenicia
Formosa	President Clay
Glory of Sunnyhill	Pride of Mobile
Indica Alba	Southern Charm
Latana Alba	

Prices on Indica Azaleas (All prices net, F.O.B. our Nursery)

6-8 in. Bed Grown Liners (Spring delivery) \$85.00 per 1000

Size	Per 100
6- 8 inch, Yearling, some buds	\$ 12.50
10-12 inch, Field Grown, with buds, B&B	45.00
12-18 inch, with buds, B&B	65.00
18-24 inch, with buds, B&B	85.00
24-30 inch, with buds, B&B	100.00

Kurume and Pericat Azaleas

Apple Blossom
Bridesmaid
Christmas Cheer
Coral Bell
Firefly
Flame
Fortune
Gardenia Supreme
Hexe
Hinodegiri
Hortensia

Kaempferi
Madam Pericat
Mauve Beauty
Peach Blow
Pink Pearl
Pinnochio
Salmon Beauty
Snow
Sweet Brier
Sweetheart Supreme



Our million and a half azalea liner crop being put in. We ran out last year, so order early and avoid being among the disappointed.



One of our Kurume azalea lath houses. Note the uniform vigorous growth of Hinodegiri in foreground.

Prices on Kurume and Pericat Azaleas

PEAT GROWN — UNBURLAPPED

(All prices net, F.O.B. our Nursery)

4-6 in. Bed Grown Liners (Spring delivery) \$85.00 per 1000

Size	Per 100
4- 6 inch, Yearlings, some buds	\$ 15.00
4- 6 inch, with buds	30.00
6- 8 inch, with buds	40.00
8-10 inch, with buds	60.00
10-12 inch, with buds	80.00
12-18 inch, with buds	100.00
18-24 inch, with buds	120.00

C A M E L L I A S

Camellias will grow and prosper under widely varying conditions as to soil and temperatures, but it is absolutely essential that they have good drainage. Some of the paramount factors to consider in camellia culture are as follows:

1. Plant in well-drained acid soil.
2. Plant in November and December to allow time for root growth before spring.
3. Plants should be set in ground at same level as it was grown. DO NOT PLANT TOO DEEP!
4. Water during periods of drouth the first summer after transplanting.
5. Fertilize with balanced fertilizer in February and July each year.
6. Keep plants free of insect pests. See spray schedule on page 33.

If infestation of scale appears on camellias in cold or hot weather when oil application is likely to cause damage, an effective cleanup job can be accomplished with parathion. Use 3 lbs. of 15% wettable parathion to 100 gal. of water. Also add recommended dosage of spreader sticker to solution if available.

NOTE—Observe all precautions listed by manufacturer in the use of parathion.

STOP CAMELLIA LOSSES

The policy at Flowerwood is to grow the very best camellias for you, and likewise, it is our aim to see these plants delivered to you in such a manner that they will live for you and grow for your customers. Among our contacts we have noted such varied success with these plants, we have been prompted to first tell you what Flowerwood is doing to cut your losses to a minimum, and secondly, mention the practices which you can follow to further insure satisfactory results.

WE CAN HELP

Recognizing that this whole problem revolves around the root system of the plant, we begin there. Dry weather has compelled us to proceed with caution, but we have been going around our field camellias with shovels, pruning roots back to the area where the ball will be dug.



Field manager, Ralph Maxwell, root pruning field camellias. Every effort is made at Flowerwood to see that you get plants which will thrive for you and your customers.

Past experience has shown that plants dug and heeled in our lath for one month before delivery has produced very satisfactory results due to additional root growth within the ball. Give us your order early and this extra service is yours at no extra charge.

We can spray your camellias with Wilt-Pruf which conserves moisture in plants being moved.

Our plants are grown in Orangeburg loam which is firm enough to give good solid balls and light enough to find congenial surroundings in almost all types of soil.

We have eliminated those varieties which do not transplant well.

YOU CAN HELP

First, it can be generally said that plants dug in the fall give better results because the soil is still warm enough to

promote root growth, and naturally they have longer time to overcome shock of moving before spring. Estimate your needs in the fall and move your camellias in early.

When shipment of camellias arrive, have labor and facilities ready for quick, careful unloading, heeling in under semi-shade, and water down thoroughly. Remember these plants have traveled a long, rough road.

Do not handle camellias by the stem when moving them.

Watch the watering on these plants as long as warm, dry weather persists, and at the same time avoid overwatering to soften balls.

Avoid handling overgrown stock with small balls. Remember heavy plants require heavy balls.

Take a bargain when it is offered to you, but be sure to look at the bottom of a camellia as well as the top, before you decide. Remember in most cases you get what you pay for.

LINING OUT STOCK CAMELLIA LINERS

Camellia liners are dug bareroot, packed in damp moss, and delivered to carrier of your choice at no extra charge.

We can supply nice, healthy plants grown in fumigated beds. One or two year plants at the following attractive prices.

MINIMUM ORDER — 5 OF A VARIETY (Minimum Size 6")

Variety	Each
Admiral Nimitz	\$.25
Adolphe Audusson	.30
Adolphe Audusson, Var.	.30
Alba Plena	.25
Big Beauty	.30
Black Dragon	.25
Black Dragon, Var.	.25
Colletti	.25
Chandleri Elegans	.20
Daikagura	.30
Daikagura, Var.	.30
Debutante	.25
Duchess of Sutherland	.25
Elizabeth Arden	.20
Elizabeth Boardman	.30
Empress	.25
Eugene Lizze	.30

Fanny Bolis	.20
Florence Stratton	.20
Gigantea	.25
Glen 40	.30
Goshoguruma	.25
Gov. Mouton	.20
Haku-Rakuten	.30
Herme	.20
Jarvis Red	.20
Kellingtonia	.20
La Reine, Var.	.25
Letita Schrader	.30
Lindsey Neil	.30
Madame Chiang Kai-Shek	.25
Magnoliaflora	.30
Margaret Higdon	.25
Mary Charlotte	.30
Mathotiana Rubra	.25
Mathotiana Variant	.25
Nagasaki	.25
Pink Perfection	.20
Pink Star	.25
Pope Pius	.20
Prof. Sargent	.20
Rev. John Bennett	.25
Rev. John G. Drayton	.25
Rosea Superba	.30
Ruth Royer	.30
September Morn	.25
Victor Emmanuel	.20
Victory White	.20
Virgins Blush	.25
Warrata	.20
White Empress	.25
White Giant	.20
Woodville Red	.25

WHOLESALE ONLY

CAMELLIA SASANQUA LINERS

Vigorous, well grown stock. One and two year plants.

Variety

Prices Sasanqua Liners

MINIMUM ORDER — 10 OF A VARIETY

Cleopatra

\$ 12.50 per 100

Mine-no-Yuki

100.00 per 1000

(Snow on the Mountain)

Rosea

Texas Star

SUGGESTIONS FOR PLANTING CAMELLIA AND SASANQUA LINERS

These liners should be planted in a well-prepared bed or field with a Ph. of 4.5 or 6.0. It is very important that they have good drainage and that they not be planted too deep. We set out plants in the field in 42" rows about 22" apart and cultivate with a tractor. One year liners appear to transplant to the field better, whereas for resale the two year liners makes the more attractive package. The above is only mentioned as a suggestion as different conditions will take different planting.

Rare Camellia Grafts

We are only listing grafts of the varieties which we consider extra fine. We have limited quantities of other rare varieties one- and two-year grafts. We invite your inquiry, if you are interested in varieties not listed.

Grafted on strong, vigorous root stock, five years and older.

Mathotiana Supreme	Joshua Youtz
Thelma Dale	Ville de Nantes
High Hat	Dr. Tinsley
Ruth Royer	Claudia Phelps
Donckelaari	

Prices on Grafts

1 year Grafts, B&B	\$ 5.00 each
2 year Grafts, B&B	\$10.00 each

CAMELLIAS B&B

Our entire stock of camellias this season will be compact, sturdy, field grown plants. You are cordially invited to visit our nurseries and personally see our wonderful and complete stock of camellias from which we can readily serve you.

Rare Camellias

Admiral Nimtz	Elizabeth Boardman
Anne Lindberg	Eugene Lizze
Audusson	French Emperator
Audusson, Var.	Haku-Rakuten
Bessie Bellingrath	Lindsey Neil
Big Beauty	Madame Chiang Kai-Shek
Black Dragon	Magnoliaflora
Campbell Ashley	Marchioness of Exeter
Daikagura	Mrs. Walter Allen

PINK PERFECTION



SEPTEMBER MORN



PURPLE DAWN



WHITE EMPRESS



DEBUTANTE



A random selection of 18-24" two year old Camellias from our fields.

(Rare Camellias, Continued)

Rosea Superba	Virgins Blush
Rose Dawn	Woodville Red
Ruth Royer	Yuki Botan
St. Andre	

Prices Rare Camellias (All prices net, F.O.B. our Nursery)

	Priced Each
12-18 inch, Branched, B&B	\$ 1.50
18-24 inch, Branched, B&B	2.00
24-30 inch, Light Specimen, B&B	3.50
2-2½ feet, Specimen, B&B	10.00
2½-3 feet, Specimen, B&B	11.50

Camellias B&B

BEST SELLERS

This group is comprised of the popular camellias of special merit, which enjoy great demand throughout the country. We are proud to offer you these select camellias at popular prices shown below.

Alba Plena	Margaret Higdon
Brilliant	Mathotiana Rubra
Chandleri Elegans	Mathotiana Variant
Colletti	Monarch
Col. Fiery	Mrs. Chas. Cobb
Debutante	Nagasaki
Duchess of Sutherland	Otome
Eleanor Haygood	Pink Ball
Elizabeth Arden	Pink Perfection
Emperor of Russia	Pink Star
Empress	Queen Bessie
Fanny Bolis	Rasen Zome
Florence Stratton	Rev. John Bennett
Gigantea	Rev. J. G. Drayton
Goshoguruma	Scarlett O'Hara
Gov. Mouton	September Morn
H. A. Downing	Smiling Beauty
Herme	Snowdrift
Il Tremento	St. Elmo
Kumasaka	Sweeti Vera
Lady Van Sittart	Victor Emmanuel
La Reine, Var.	Victory White
Laurel Leaf	White Empress
Madge Miller	

Prices Best Sellers
 (All prices net, F.O.B. our Nursery)

	Priced Each
12-18 inch, Branched, B&B	\$ 1.10
18-24 inch, Branched, B&B	1.50
24-30 inch, Light Specimen, B&B	\$ 2.00
30-36 inch, Light Specimen, B&B	3.20
2-2½ feet, Specimen, B&B	6.00
2½-3 feet, Specimen, B&B	10.00

Standard Camellias B&B

Included in this group you will find the well established varieties of particularly good growth habit.

Bella Romana	Emperor
Blush Hibiscus	Jarvis Red
Caldwell	Kellingtonia
Cameo Pink	Margharita Caleoni
Caprice	Mon Louis Pink
Corine Fondé	Pride of Houston
Deep Red	Prof. Sargent
Derbiana	Rainy Sun
Duncan Bell	Sarah Frost
Elizabeth	

Prices of Standard Camellias
 (All prices net, F.O.B. our Nursery)

	Priced Each
18-24 inch, Branched, B&B	\$ 1.00
24-30 inch, Light Specimen, B&B	1.40
2-2½ feet, Specimen, B&B	2.00
2½-3 feet, Specimen, B&B	3.00
3-4 feet, Specimen, B&B	8.50

Camellia Sasanqua

A very hardy species of Camellia that blooms in the fall when nothing else is in color. It is much hardier than Camellia Japonica and will grow in a wider soil range and will stand a greater excess of moisture.

ROSEA — Deep rose pink. Profuse bloomer.

MINE-NO-YUKI — White, large, full peony form. Tall spreading growth. Light green foliage.

CLEOPATRA — A good Evergreen, very compact grower with dark green leaves. Semi-double, rose pink flowers.

DAWN — Large, semi-double white, sometimes with a delicate flesh pink shade.

TEXAS STAR — Small single pink blooms. Very fast upright grower of columnar form.

Prices *Camellia Sasanqua*

Cleopatra

Mine-No-Yuki (Snow on the Mountain)

Rosea

Texas Star

	Priced Each
2-3 feet, Branched	\$ 1.00
3-4 feet, Branched	1.60

This outfit has made insects mighty scarce around Flowerwood





This trained tractor crew with the best equipment, devote their entire time to cultivating our well kept field of nursery stock in Theodore. In the background you can see some of our large shade houses.

Miscellaneous Ornamental Liners

Shipped Bare Root—Packed in Damp Moss
Price Per 100

Variety	6-8"	8-12"	12-18"
Ilex Cornuta Burfordi	\$10.00	\$12.50	\$15.00
Ilex Bullata	10.00	12.50	15.00
Ilex Rotundifolia	10.00	12.50	15.00
Gardenia Radicans (Dwarf Type Gardenia)		10.00	
Gardenia Fortunei (Large Type)		10.00	
Photinia Glabra	10.00	12.50	15.00
Podocarpus (Japanese Yew)	12.50		
Retinospora Ericoides	10.00		
Magnolia Grandiflora	12.50	15.00	
Osmanthus Fragrans (Sweet Olive)	10.00	12.50	15.00
Magnolia Nigri		25.00	30.00
Magnolia Lilliflora		25.00	30.00

Miscellaneous Ornamentals B&B

(All prices net, F.O.B. our Nursery)

Variety	Each
ABELIA	
18-24 inch, B&B	\$1.00
24-30 inch, B&B	1.25
BUXUS JAPONICA	
12-15 inch, B&B	.75
15-18 inch, B&B	1.00
ILEX CORNUTA BURFORDI	
12-18 inch, B&B	1.00
18-24 inch, B&B	1.50
24-30 inch, B&B	2.00
ILEX BULLATA	
10-12 inch, B&B	.75
12-15 inch, B&B	1.00
ILEX CRENATA ROTUNDIFOLIA	
10-12 inch, B&B	.75
12-15 inch, B&B	1.00
LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM	
18-24 inch, B&B	.75
24-30 inch, B&B	1.25
MAGNOLIA NIGRI	
2 to 3 ft., B&B	1.25
3 to 4 ft., B&B	1.50
MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA	
2 to 3 ft., B&B	1.25
3 to 4 ft., B&B	1.50

OSMANTHUS FRAGRANS

10-12 inch, B&B	.75
12-18 inch, B&B	1.00
18-24 inch, B&B	1.50

PHOTINIA GLABRA

18-24 inch, B&B	1.00
24-30 inch, B&B	1.50

PITTISPORUM TOBIRA

15-18 inch, B&B	1.00
18-24 inch, B&B	1.50

PODOCARPUS SINESIS

18-24 inch, B&B	1.00
24-30 inch, B&B	1.50

Container Grown Plants**Gallon Cans**

Camellias (good selection of varieties)	\$.60
Osmanthus Fragrans (Sweet Olive)	.60
Photinia Glabra	.60
Gardenia Radicans	.50

You can now get your container grown plants from Flowerwood. 100,000 well grown plants to choose from.



Gardenia Fortunei	.50
Magnolia Nigri	.60
Ilex Cornuta Burfordi	.60
Ilex Crenata Rotundifolia	.50
Pyracantha (Berries)	.60
Pyracantha (No Berries)	.50
Pine Trees	.50
Magnolia Fuscata	.60

DESCRIPTION OF CAMELLIAS

ABBY WILDER — Peony shaped double white flowers of medium size. Some of the flowers have an occasional stripe of pink. This is a fast grower, and makes a fine bush.

ADMIRAL NIMITZ (Kishu Tsukasa) — The leaves are straight, light green, pointed and heavily grained, similar to Laurel Leaf. Flower is large and a beautiful shade of pink with an occasional petal mottled with white. Flower opens flat, mid-season to late bloomer.

ADOLPHE AUDUSSON — This is one of the finest types of semi-double camellias, varying from deep red to red and white variegated, with very large 5 to 6-inch blooms, with prominent stamens irregularly arranged among the heavy textured good petals. Handsome, large deep green leaves.

ADOLPHE AUDUSSON SPECIAL — Sport of Adolphe Audusson, flowers having a particularly beautiful variegation and oftentimes comes with extra petals interspersed with the stamens.

ALBA PLENA — The finest of all white camellias. The pure white, wax-like full double flowers are about 4 inches in diameter, of perfect symmetry. Splendid for cut flowers. Harder to propagate than most varieties.

ANNA FROST — Semi-double, large loose peony type, dark blood red in color. Large, round and thick green shiny leaves.

ANNA ZUCCHINI — Medium, semi-double white with occasional solid pink sport. Medium compact growth.

ANNE LINDBERGH — Medium sized, semi-peony form. Rose-red, vigorous upright growth.

ARA-JISHI (Aloha) — Large, double, salmon-red, peony type flower. It blooms very early. The first flowers come in July and often times bloom through the camellia sea-

son. Because of the early blooming habit, we expect this camellia to be very popular in the areas which have damage from cold weather.

BELLA ROMANA (Madam Strekaloff) — A medium sized camellia, with large light pink petals profusely striped and splashed with streaks of crimson.

BESSIE MORSE BELLINGRATH (Toki-No-Hagasane) — A large semi-double flower white with a faint blush of pink. A compact grower which blooms mid-season.

BIG BEAUTY — White blotched and dashed pink. Large, semi-double to semi-peony form. Vigorous, upright growth.

BLACK DRAGON — This is the English translation of a Japanese name of this variety which we imported from Japan before the war. It is an outstanding camellia. Flowers are very large and very dark red and resemble in color Mrs. Charles Cobb and in form of the Victor Emmanuel. The edges of the petals are crimped and are of a much deeper shade than the balance of the flower. The flowers that we have exhibited have attracted a great deal of attention.

BLACK DRAGON, VAR. — Same as Black Dragon with flecks of white. Contrast of dark red and white makes this bloom very striking.

BLUSH HIBISCUS — A very large semi-double white with blush pink center. It makes a vigorous upright spreading type growth.

BRILLIANT — Full double red. Petals curve slightly at edges. Mid-season bloomer.

CALDWELL — Peony form light pink flowers the size and shape of Professor Sargent.

CAMEO PINK — A very lovely camellia of a soft delicate shade of pink. Full double symmetrical form, showing golden stamens in center when fully open.

CAMPBELL ASHLEY — Large red semi-double blooms. Petals of crepe texture. Vigorous grower. Blooms especially well during and after cold weather.

CAMPBELL ASHLEY, VAR. — Same type and characteristics as Campbell Ashley, only is dark red and white.

CANDIDISSIMA — A pure white full-double. A very profuse late season bloomer. Slow compact type growth.

CAPRICE — Medium peony white. Vigorous, upright grower. Mid-season bloomer.

CHANDLERI ELEGANS — A most spectacular camellia. Large, loose peony form flowers, 5-6 inches in diameter, with broad outer flat petals, and a thick center cluster of petaloids interspersed with yellow stamens. Variegated, cherry red to light pink, splotched with white. A heavy bloomer, with dark green shiny foliage.

CLAUDIA PHELPS — Large semi-double delicate pink, fading to white on outer margin. A color sport from Duchess of Sutherland.

C. M. WILSON — A light pink sport of Ch. Elegans. This is an outstanding camellia with all the features of the Ch. Elegans.

COLLETTI MACULATA — A variegated peony form dark red and pure white, some flowers having the white predominating and some predominately red. The petals vary from small petals in the center to large flat petals on the outer edge. A very few stamens show in the middle.

COL. FIREY (Mississippi Hastie) — A large deep crimson extremely double flower. Late bloomer. Dark green foliage.

CONCORDIA (Prince Albert) — Pink and white variegated peony form. Occasionally there is an all pink flower, and sometimes there are both peony and rose form flowers on the same plant.

CORINNE FONDE — Incomplete double, orange-red compact grower.

CUP OF BEAUTY — Semi-double, deep pink, vigorous bushy growth.

DAIKAGURA — An outstanding camellia with large, thick peony type blossoms. Sometimes solid pink and other times pink splotched with white.

DAITERIN (Pink Fimbriata) — Light rose pink. Large, single with mass of petaloids in center. A very fine single.

DEBUTANTE — Large, full peony form, shell pink. Vigorous grower. Early to mid-season bloomer.

DEEP RED — Mid-season — Medium size, peony type red blooms.

DERBIANA — Semi-double to peony form dark red with stamens intermingled with petaloids in center. Very vigorous grower.

DONCKELAARI — A very large semi-double red slightly marbled with white. Slow bushy growth.

DOROTHEA BLANCHE — Delicate pink shaded white. Large, semi-double to peony form. Vigorous upright growth. Mid-season bloomer.

DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND — Large semi-double creamy white, with one or two pink stripes on one petal. The outer petals are large and flat, and the inner petals are curled. Has prominent circles of stamens. This beautifully formed camellia is considered one of the finest of the Magnolia Garden varieties.

DUNCAN BELL (Mrs. Memo A. Ladnier) — The blossoms are six inches in diameter, a beautiful orange-red, with large flat, regularly imbricated outer petals, and numerous irregularly arranged small petals in the center, different from any other camellia we have seen. A fast, tall-growing plant, with giant shiny leaves.

ELEANOR HAYGOOD — Large, delicate, pale pink. Rose form, late bloomer, vigorous bloomer.

ELIZABETH (Montironi) — Porcelain white, occasionally a flower will have some pink in it, or there may be an all-pink bloom. The edges of the petals are incurved. A beautiful flower and a handsome evergreen.

ELIZABETH ARDEN — Double variegated, color ranging from white with rose stripe to rose. Blossoms when first open have a rose-bud center but later show stamens. A vigorous healthy growing plant.

ELIZABETH BOARDMAN — White. Large to very large, Hemispherical, fluted, semi-double. Medium compact upright growth.

EMPERATOR — Medium size, deep red, semi-double with petaloids intermingled with stamens.

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA — Large, multicentered double to peony form scarlet red. Slow compact grower. Mid-season.

EMPERRESS (Lady Claire, Grandiflora Rosea) — Very large, 6 to 7 inches, semi-double flower. Its broad petals of deep rich pink are arranged around a center cluster of yellow stamens. A strikingly beautiful flower.

ENRICO BETTONI — A large semi-double rose pink. A very heavy bloomer.

EUGENE LIZZE — Beautiful, semi-double to loose peony-form, cherry-red marbled with white. This is said to be a sport of Donckelaari and has its characteristics of growth.

FANNY BOLLIS — Large semi-double red flowers, boldly blotched with white, with enormous heavy-textured petals. The deep green leaves are very thick and rather convex.

FESTIVA — Medium size double-rose red blooms.

FLORENCE STRATTON — Very large formal double. Coloring varies from solid white to solid pink. When flowers are fully open they are very symmetrical with the tips of the petals incurved in a circular design. The flowers exhibited last year in shows caused a great deal of interest. The foliage is very large, crinkled and light green. Very vigorous grower.

FRENCH EMPERATOR — Probably the largest peony type bloom. Soft pink with satiny texture. Very fast upright grower.

GALILEE — Very large, semi-double to loose peony type, pink, vigorous slender growth.

GEN. GEORGE PATTON — Full double, imbricated blossom of the brightest pink. Vigorous upright open growth.

GIGANTEA — An immense semi-double red with white markings and prominent circle of stamens. Large foliage, irregular upright growth.

GLEN 40 — Deep red. Large, formal to rose form double. Slow, compact, upright growth.

GLOIRE DE NANTES (Leana Superba) — A large semi-double vivid red flower, with long yellow stamens interspersed with the center petals. Thick dark green, waxy leaves. A very compact grower.

GOSHOGURUMA — Large semi-double dark red with very prominent mass of stamens in center. Compact slow grower. Mid-season.

GOVERNOR MOUTON — A free-blooming variety, with medium size peony form flowers, varying from solid dark red to red and white. The flowers resemble somewhat the Colletti Maculata, but the red is not as brilliant, and the outer petals are generally spreading in habit of growth.

H. A. DOWNING — Very large, loose semi-double flowers of deep red, with stamens showing among the petals. A bushy, slow-growing variety, and late bloomer.

HAKU-RAKUTEN — The flowers are large, semi-peony form, and pure white in color. Vigorous grower.

HERME (Jordan's Pride, Hikari-Genji, Jenny Lind) — Very

large, semi-double white flowers, with red and pink stripes and splotches. Slightly fragrant. Early bloomer, tall, rapid grower. One of the most popular and most satisfactory of all camellias.

HERME, PINK — Deep pink Sport of Herme.

HIGH HAT — Sport of Daikagura. Large loose peony form flower of a pale pink.

ILL TREMENTO — Formal double light pink with specks of white. Similar to Laurel Leaf only in flower. Mid-season bloomer. Compact grower.

JARVIS RED — Deep scarlet red, semi-double, with yellow stamens; heavy bloomer. A beautiful and most satisfactory garden variety that holds its popularity year after year.

JOSHUA YOUTZ — Large semi-double to loose peony. Blooms of pure waxy white. Blooms in the fall along with the Daikaguras and is similar in size and shape.

KELLINGTONIA — Red and white peony type flower. Blooms heavily every year. A rapid, compact grower, with dark green, glossy leaves.

KENNY — Semi-double deep rose pink with a few white blotches in center. Compact grower.

KUMASAKA (Beni-Korake, Lady Marion) — One of the finest of all pinks. A deep glowing pink with very broad outer petals around a large inner circle of curled petaloids. When fully open so the stamens show through the petaloids.

KUMASAKA, VAR. — A variegated form of Kumasaka—Rose pink blotched white.

LADY CHARLOTTE — Clear, pale pink. Large, semi-double. Vigorous, upright, compact growth.

LADY VAN SITTART — A medium sized semi-double with three rows of broad wavy edged petals showing golden stamens in center. A very heavy bloomer.

LA REINE VARIEGATED — Believed to be a Sport of Lady Mary Cromartie. Same type flower except for large spots of white variegation.

LAUREL LEAF (Lallarook) — Imbricated full-double of perfect symmetry, with a salmon rose-pink center, shading to a deeper rose on the tips of the incurved petals. Some blooms have small flecks of white variegation.

LETITIA SHCRADER — Dark red, very large, medallion shaped peony form. Medium compact upright growth.

LILA ROSA — Clear pink, large full peony form. Vigorous compact growth.

LINDSEY NEIL — Beautiful semi-double to peony form, dark red with well defined white markings. Petaloids intermingled with stamens. Dependable bloomer, very slow compact grower.

LURIE'S FAVORITE — Soft lavender pink. Large, semi-double. Vigorous, compact, upright growth.

MADAME CHIANG KAI-SHEK — Large semi-double deep rose-pink flecked with white with prominent circle of stamens. Beautiful in its simplicity.

MADGE MILLER — A large white incomplete double, medium upright growth.

MAGNOLIAFLORA — An unusual shaped blossom of the most delicate shade of blush pink. Nine to ten large petals in a double row open concavely around a small center group of loosely curled inner petaloids with a few golden stamens.

MARCHIONESS OF EXETER — Beautiful light pink, large full peony form. Vigorous spreading loose growth.

MARGARETE HERTRICH — Large, white, formal, double. Vigorous upright grower.

MARGARET HIGDON — Large semi-double rose pink, dark green foliage, upright grower. Dependable, mid-season bloomer.

MARGARET HIGDON, VAR. — Same type and characteristics as Margaret Higdon only is variegated.

MARGHARITA CALEONI — Formal double flower with very unusual red and white markings. Has large rosebud center. Good grower and profuse bloomer.

MARY CHARLOTTE — A beautiful shade of delicate pink. Medium large, flat peony form. Vigorous, compact, upright growth.

MARY E. M. (Rev. John G. Drayton) — A loose peony-like flower of deep pink, wavy petals, intermingled with golden stamens. Light green foliage, late bloomer.

MATHOTIANA RUBRA (Purple Dawn, Purple Emperor) — An immense, full double, rose form flower of lake purple, the outer edges of which turn deep purple as the flower gets older. When fully open it shows short stamens in the center. Due to grafting and intensive propagation this variety often sports a variegated flower.

MATHOTIANA SUPREME — Sport of the all-time favorite Purple Dawn. An immense semi-double scarlet bloom with golden stamens interspersed among the curled center petals. Growth and foliar characteristics same as parent variety.

MATHOTIANA VARIANT (C. M. Hovey) — Very double camellia with a high pointed center. The huge flowers are a uniform shade of brilliant scarlet with pure white blotches. The very large petals are beautifully veined and textured.

MONARCH — Deep pink, sometimes spotted white. Large full peony form. Medium compact growth.

MONJISU — Medium-sized rose red, loosely petaled, semi-double. Petals curve up at outer edge. Mid-season bloomer.

MON LOUIS PINK Vigorous grower with pleasing pink semi-double flaring type flower.

MOSS POINT, VAR. — Pink peony form, mottled with white. Vigorous open grower. Mid-season to late bloomer.

MRS. CHAS. COBB — Full peony form camellia of the deepest red. Very large petals with only a few petaloids. This variety has unusually nice foliage and is a vigorous grower. Among the best in the Magnolia Gardens varieties.

MRS. WALTER ALLEN — Large semi-double, rose red. Vigorous grower, and profuse bloomer.

NAGASAKI (Lady Audrey Buller, Tenninkwan) — A magnificent camellia, with big semi-double blossoms and prominent stamens. The large, thick crinkled petals ranging in color from snow white to carmine, are attractively wavy,

NESSLE RODE — Medium semi-double white with red stripes, often shading to flesh pink in the center. Compact grower, profuse bloomer.

OTOME — Medium, formal double, light pink. Slow compact grower. Mid-season to late bloomer.

PAULETTE GODDARD — Red, very large, semi-double to loose peony form. Vigorous, upright growth.

PEARL HARBOR — Dark red. Large, irregular semi-double. Vigorous, upright growth.

PINK PERFECTION — The most universally popular of all camellias. The medium sized double wax-like flowers, of perfect symmetry and exquisite texture, are a delicate shell pink. Blooms profusely from November to March and begins blooming when quite young. Perfect for corsages and cut flowers.

PINK STAR — Large rose-pink petals heavily veined. Irregular semi-double with inner petals in freshly opened bloom resembling a star.

PRIDE OF DESCANSO — White. Very large, semi-double to loose peony form. Vigorous, upright growth.

PRIDE OF HOUSTON (Ross) — A large semi-double salmon pink flower, with occasional small spots of white. The center petals are loosely twisted among golden stamens. This is a fine variety for cut flowers, as the stems are very long. Among the latest to bloom in the season.

PRINCE EUGENE NAPOLEON (Imbricata Rubra Plena, Pope Pius IX) — Scarlet, full double, heavy bloomer, and good grower. A fine garden variety because of its heavy blooming.

PRINCE OF ORANGE — Orange Red. Large loose peony form. Willowy growth.

PRINCESS NAGASKIE (Chiyoda Nishiki) — A beautiful camellia with large semi-double soft pink blossoms marbled white and rose pink. It makes a vigorous, low spreading type growth.

PROF. C. S. SARGENT — Dark crimson, very full, round peony type. Medium to large-sized flowers, very free bloomer, hardy. A fine standard variety.

QUEEN BESSIE — A white semi-double flower of 3 to 4 inches with stamens. A late bloomer.

RAINY SUN — Deep pink, semi-double.

RASEN ZOME — This is a beautiful camellia which we imported from Japan before the war. The leaves are dark green, heavily veined and frequently variegated. The flowers are a very beautiful unusual light pink resembling in form and size the Eugene Lizze. Both the flowers and foliage are beautiful. We think it is one of the new varieties that is well worth having.

REV. JOHN BENNETT — Very large, loose semi-double salmon pink, with prominent stamens. The center petaloids are often streaked with white. The petals are beautifully veined. The plant has long narrow dark green foliage, and is a very good bloomer.

ROSEA SUPERBA, VAR. — Deep rose pink with white variegation. Very large rose form double. Vigorous, compact upright grower. One of the finest varieties.

ROSE DAWN — Large rose pink formal flowers similar in form and shape to Alba Plena. A good many of our plants in this variety come variegated which we think adds to its beauty.

ROSE GLORY — Light rose pink. Large semi-double. Medium, compact, upright growth.

RUTH ROYER — This beautiful flower is a sport from the Pink Duchess of Sutherland. It is pink and white with moire markings. The shading from clear pink to pure white makes a brilliant blossom. In flower shows it attracts more attention than any we have exhibited.

SARA-SA (Calico) — A large, semi-double, creamy blush white camellia, striped and flecked with purplish red, with approximately twelve large flat round petals. A very lovely flower.

SARAH FROST — Full double, rose form camallia of medium size. Deep rose red, very hardy, strong vigorous grower.

SCARLET O'HARA — This is a sport of the lovely Colonel Firey. The large, deep scarlet, closely imbricated petals have an occasional small splotch of white. Both of these varieties have long stems which make them very desirable for corsages and cut flowers. Very late blooming variety.

SEPTEMBER MORN (Yokei Haku) — A very early white, generally blooming the first part of September and continuing until about Christmas time. The forms of the flowers vary but usually resemble those of Ch. Elegans. The outer petals are large and frequently very beautifully tinted with a baby pink blush. The petaloids are generally creamy yellow which is the nearest of any camellia to yellow.

SMILING BEAUTY — Semi-double bloom of a very delicate pink. Dark green foliage.

SNOWDRIFT — A lovely, pure white camellia, with large semi-double blooms. The arrangement of the petals around the center cluster of stamens is very attractive, and the texture of the petals is of a very good, lasting quality.

ST. ANDRE — Very large semi-double bright red. Upright grower. Mid-season.

ST. ELMO (Augusta Wilson) — Soft pink. Medium large, full peony form. Vigorous upright growth.

SWAN — This is a semi-double white with long thin snow-white petals shaped like the Imura and the White Hibiscus. It is a very fast, healthy grower and blooms prolifically which makes it a very desirable camellia.

SWEETI VERA — A loosely formed, irregularly shaped full camellia, the ground color of which is light pink. The large petals are flecked and dashed with a deeper shade of pink, and the center petals, which are slightly scalloped, have stamens interspersed among them.

THELMA DALE — Beautiful shade of pink. Large, irregular semi-double to rose form double. Medium, spreading growth.

DR. TINSLEY — Two-toned flesh pink with the color fading to almost white at the outer edge of the petals. Medium size, semi-double.

T. K. VARIEGATED — Semi-double, medium size. Light pink with darker pink margin. Most dependable variety.

VICTOR EMANUEL (Blood of China) — A huge peony-form flower of deep orange-red. Distinctly different formation of the bloom from any other camellia. Small round leaves, grows bushy and compact.

VICTORY WHITE — Semi-double peony type. Numerous small petaloids are intermixed with stamens.

VILLE DE NANTES — Large fimbriated semi-double. Dark red blotched, white in varying degrees. Excellent bloomer in cold climate. Upright slow growth.

VIRGINS BLUSH — White flushed faintest pink. Medium, semi-double to peony form. Vigorous upright growth.

WARRATA — Dark crimson. Medium sized peony form. Vigorous upright grower.

WATERLOO (Etherington White) — Semi-double white flowers, with large petals of crepe texture, the edges of the petals being fluted.

WHITE EMPRESS — Large semi-double white with golden stamens. Early bloomer, attractive dark green foliage.

WHITE GIANT — Semi-double pure white, upright and vigorous grower. Blooms mid-season.

WHITE HERME — Sport of Herme. White with occasional pink pin stripes.

WHITE HIBISCUS — Single to semi-double. Petals long and narrow and snowy white. An early bloomer.

WOODVILLE RED — One of the largest peony form, light red flower. A vigorous upright grower with a light green foliage. It is a very fine camellia.

YUKI-BOTAN — A very fine white camellia with large loose peony type flowers. Large, round glossy green foliage. A good grower and bloomer. Mid-season. We think this is one of our best varieties.

CONTROLS OF INSECT PESTS AND DISEASES

The following spray schedules are taken from Circular 84, of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, Ala.

AZALEAS

SPRAY SCHEDULE FOR AZALEAS

TIME	SPRAY	PESTS
1. In spring just after blooming	1 lb. 15% Parathion 1½ lb. ovatran or orthotran 2 lbs. iron-sulphate 100 gal. water	Thrips Mites

SPRAY SCHEDULE FOR CAMELLIAS

TIME	SPRAY	PESTS
1. First of April	White-oil emulsion* 2 gals.	Scale insects
2. Last of Sept.	Water 100 gals. White-oil emulsion* 1½ gals. Water 100 gals.	Mites Scale insects Mites

PROPORTIONS FOR MIXING CAMELLIA SPRAYS

Water

	1-100	1½-100	2-100
1 gal.	3 level tablespoons	4½ level tablespoons	6 level tablespoons
6 gals.	½ uint	¾ pint	1 pint
12 gals.	1 pint	1½ pints	1 quart
50 gals.	½ gal.	3 quarts	1 gal.
100 gals.	1 gal.	1½ gals	2 gal.s

Refer to page 2 for soil treatment of root destroying worms.

Parathion will ordinarily control thrips, but should they prove stubborn to eliminate, spray with lindane. Ovatran and orthotran give excellent control of red spiders.

Inspect plants periodically through growing season and spray with appropriate insecticide when infestation is in the early stages. Iron is readily absorbed through the leaves on azaleas so it is a good practice to incorporate it in all spray mixtures when compatible. It is not a good practice to use iron-sulphate in oil spray mixtures.



PRIDE OF MOBILE

The true Pride of Mobile, which we have, is a very hardy plant, and stands more cold than any other variety of Indica Azalea.

FORMOSA, Field Grown—We have a nice stock of these heavy compact field grown Indica Azaleas to offer at reasonable prices this season.

8-10"

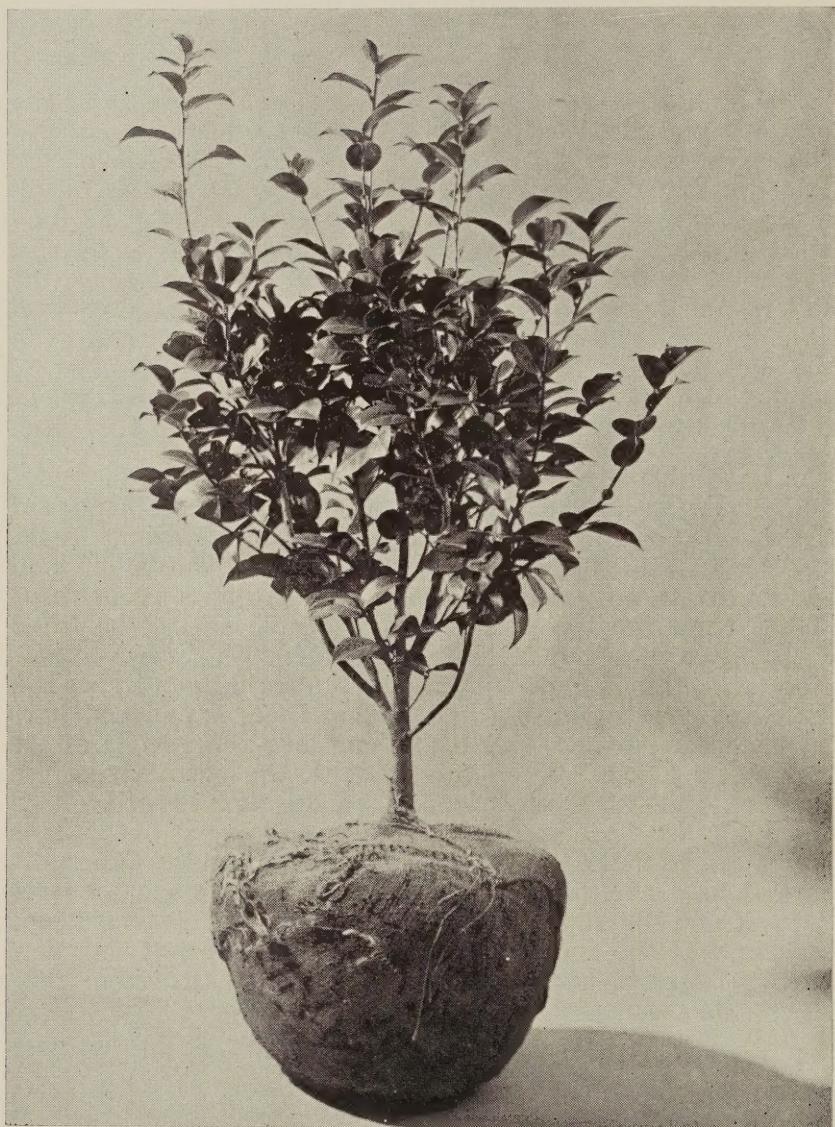
10-12"

12-18"



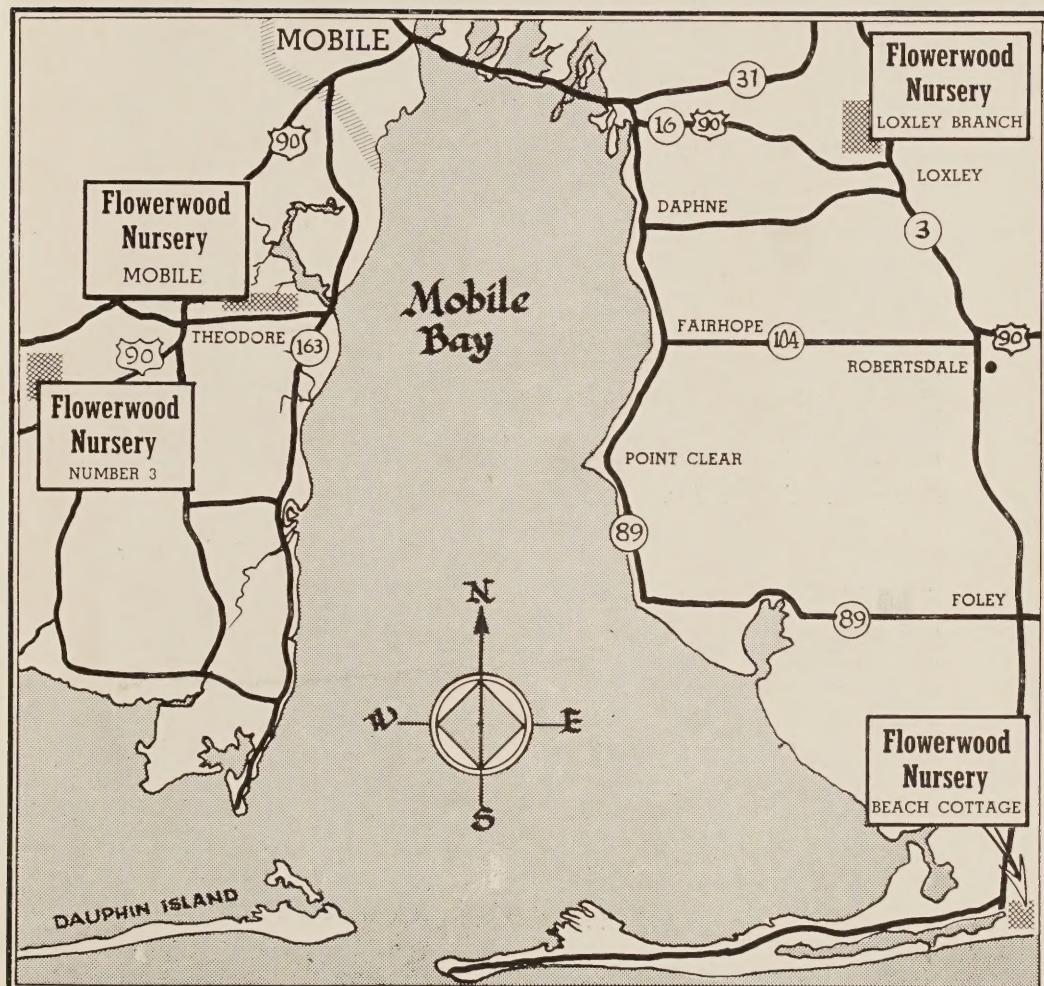
INSTRUCTIONS FOR PLANTING BALLED CAMELLIAS

1. The ground must be level, clean and smooth before digging the hole.
2. The hole must be dug no deeper than the depth of the ball but considerably larger so that there is at least six inches between the side of the ball and the edge of the hole the entire distance around. If the hole is dug in advance, it must be dug shallow and then deepened according to the depth of the ball, after it has been carefully measured. This must be the exact measurement from the bottom of the ball to the top of the ball. If the hole is dug too deep and filled in, the ball will settle. If the plant is planted even one inch too deep, it will never grow well. Even after 15 years the plant will not grow if it is planted too deep. It is better to have it a half inch too high than a half inch too low.
3. The dirt that is filled in around the ball must be packed tightly as it is filled, but this must be done without breaking the ball so the dirt must be pushed towards the ball and no strain put on the ball. When the dirt is about three inches from the top of the ball, the hole should be filled with water and then completely filled with dirt. Immediately after this is done, a dam of dirt should be built around the plant larger than the ball so that there is at least three inches between the inside of the dam and the outside of the ball at all places. When this is done, the basin inside the dam must be filled with water and the dam must be high enough so that the water is at least four inches deep. It is important to make a good dam that will not leak. The purpose of this is to have the water settle in the crack between the ball and the dirt which not only packs the dirt but keeps the ends of the roots moist until they have put out new moisture feeding roots. Each day for at least three or four weeks the basin must be filled with water.
4. If the ball is soft, the burlap should not be removed and it should never be unpinned until the dirt has been packed around the edges of it to support it.
5. If the plant is tall and has a lot of foliage, stakes must be driven around the plant and beyond the edge of the ball. If they are driven in the ball they will break the roots and kill the plant. Generally three stakes are enough. The branches of the plant should be tied with rope to the stakes so that when the wind blows the branches cannot sway. This must be done as soon after planting as possible.



Prof. C. S. Sargent 24-30" light specimen. A perfect landscape plant. Unsurpassed as a root stock for grafting.

See the real values we have to offer in these heavy field grown plants.





Adolphe Audusson Var.

Ruth Royer

